



Brindisi as Euro-Mediterranean City

3rd Transnational Learning Meeting - Brindisi

**Davide Di Muri - Technical Expert Orange Public
Management - Municipality of Brindisi**

MIGRANTS IN THE WORLD

In **2022**, there will be an estimated 295 million migrants in the world, of which **183 million** are those with actual foreign citizenship.

Added to these are:

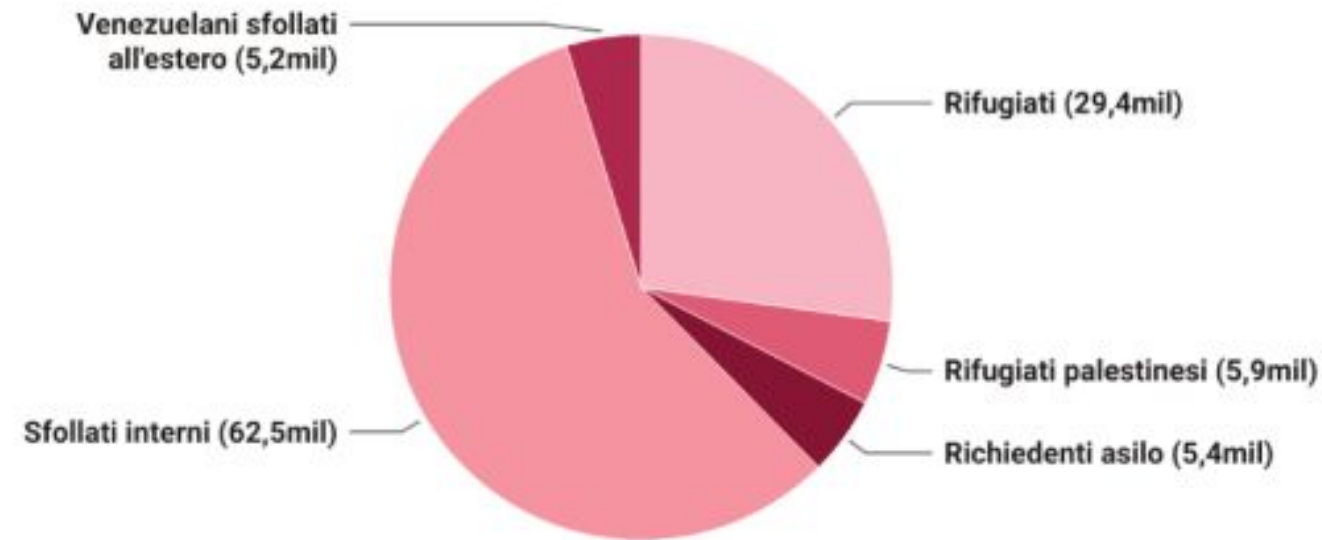
- **62.5 million internally displaced persons** (people who have left their homes but not their country, potential asylum seekers in the medium term),
- **35 million applicants and holders of protection and other specific categories** (5.9 million **Palestinian refugees**, and 5.2 million **Venezuelans displaced** abroad without having applied for asylum)

*In 2000 there were just 20 million

*Today almost 40% of them are minors.

MONDO. Migranti forzati per status giuridico (2022)

Totale: 108,4 milioni



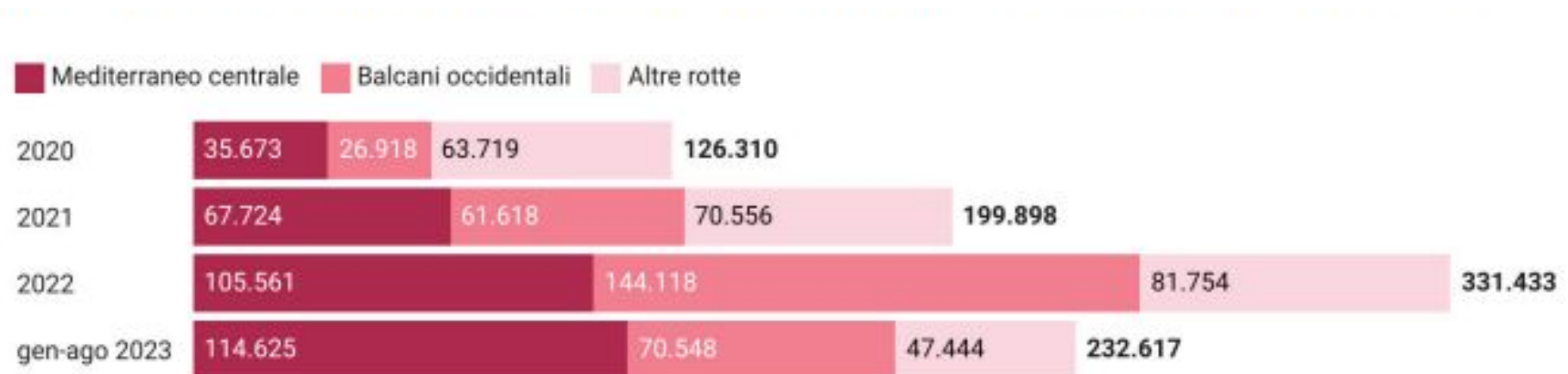
MIGRANTS IN EUROPE AND MEDITERRANEAN SEA

37.5 million foreign citizens residing in the EU at the end of 2022, account for **8.4% of the overall population** and, for **two thirds, live in the 4 main EU** immigration countries: Germany (10.9 million), Spain (5.4 million), France (5.3 million) and Italy (5.0 million)

In **2022, over 331 thousand irregular** entries were recorded in the EU against approximately **3 million residence permits issued by member states,**

Between **January and August 2023**, the number of people who arrived from the sea - almost all of whom, in any case, landed in Italy – has already been around **115,000**, compared to 105,561 during 2022 and 67,724 in 2021

Migrants disappear along the Mediterranean migratory routes are around **28 thousand, from 2014 to August 2023**, were confirmed dead and missing.



MIGRANTS IN ITALY - DATA

The number of **foreign citizens residing in Italy** - immigrants or born in the country - has settled, in the last five years, at around **5 million (8.6% of the population)**.

ITALIA. Primi 10 Paesi per numero di residenti e % sul totale dei residenti stranieri (2021)

Paese	Numero	%
Romania	1.083.771	21,5
Marocco	420.172	8,4
Albania	419.987	8,3
Cina	300.216	6,0
Ucraina	225.307	4,5
India	162.492	3,2
Bangladesh	159.003	3,2
Filippine	158.997	3,2
Egitto	140.322	2,8
Pakistan	134.182	2,7
altri	1.826.267	36,3
TOTALE	5.030.716	100,0

Fonte: Istat

ITALIA. Residenti stranieri per regione: valori assoluti e % sul totale nazionale (2022)*

Regione	Numero	%
Piemonte	414.239	8,2
Valle d'Aosta	8.004	0,2
Liguria	146.601	2,9
Lombardia	1.165.102	23,1
Trentino Alto Adige	96.172	1,9
Veneto	494.079	9,8
Friuli Venezia Giulia	115.585	2,3
Emilia Romagna	548.755	10,9
Toscana	406.742	8,1
Umbria	89.009	1,8
Marche	127.294	2,5
Lazio	615.108	12,2
Abruzzo	80.963	1,6
Molise	11.907	0,2
Campania	241.008	4,8
Puglia	138.689	2,7
Basilicata	23.419	0,5
Calabria	94.203	1,9
Sicilia	184.761	3,7
Sardegna	48.617	1,0
TOTALE	5.050.257	100,0

*dati provvisori

Fonte: Istat

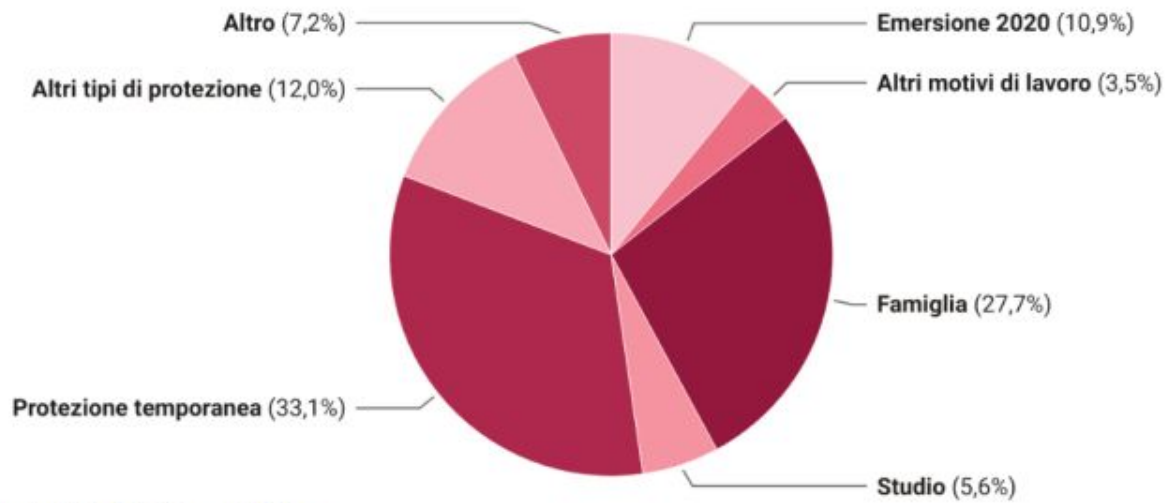
MIGRANTS IN ITALY - REASONS AND OPPORTUNITY

In 2023 **449 thousand new permits**, report the **greatest impact of arrivals for protection reasons** (45.1%, including applicants asylum: 9.7%) and, within the latter, the fort protagonism of refugees from Ukraine holders of temporary protection (148,644, 33.1% of the total total)

Foreigners account for **10.3% of the total employed** and **16.0% of the unemployed**.

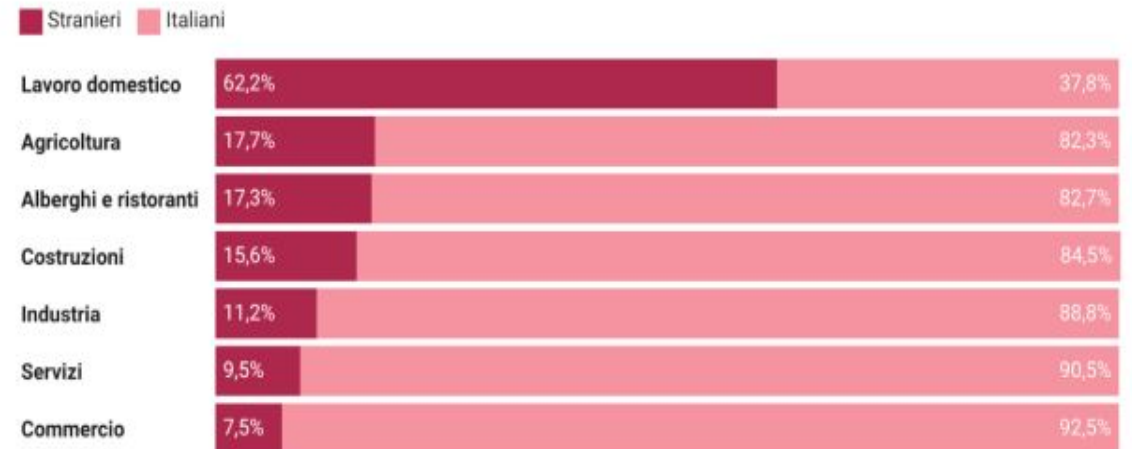
Italy continues to massively employ foreigners in manual and low-skilled activities, resulting in lower wages. **31.2% less than the average in the same category**

ITALIA. Nuovi permessi di soggiorno rilasciati nel 2022: motivi di rilascio



Fonte: Istat e Ministero dell'Interno

ITALIA. Incidenza degli stranieri sul totale dei lavoratori per settore di attività (2022)



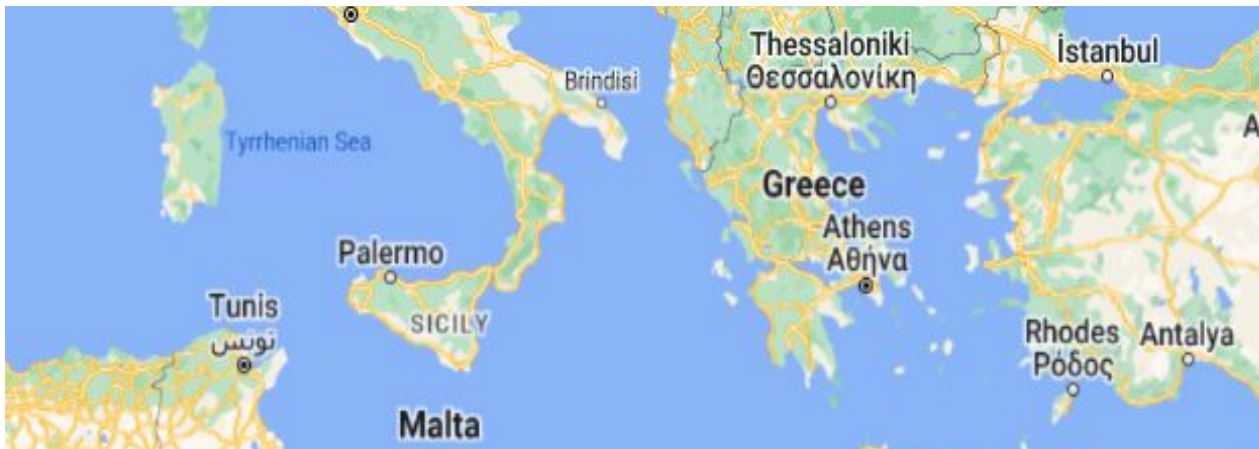
Fonte: Rfl-Istat

BRINDISI CASE STUDY

Historically a place of passage and migration, terminal of the **Via Appia** and the **Via Francigena**, crossroads of knights and pilgrims heading to the **Holy Sepulchre**, fundamental stage of the "**Sindian Mail Route**"

After the end of the communist regime, at the beginning of the nineties, **Albania found itself in a very complicated and difficult situation**. On **7 March 1991** arrived in Brindisi, on board of different ships and boats of various sizes, which **disembarked around 27 thousand people**. This is why it **has been recognized by UNESCO as a "Monument witness to the culture of Peace"**.

Brindisi currently continues to be an important port for **emergency arrivals and various** reception service projects exist in the area like **CARA (150), CPR (15) , SAI (28)**



ITALIAN REFUGEE RECEPTION SYSTEM

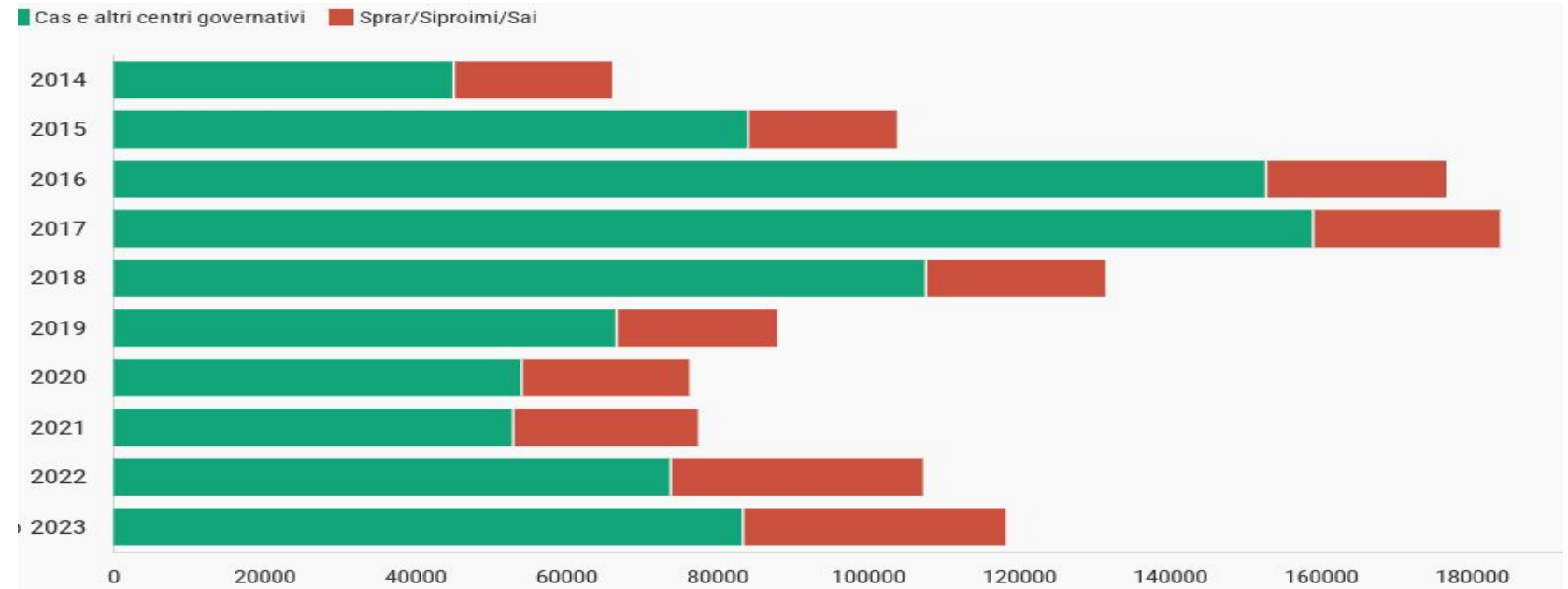
Hotspot: initial healthcare, photo identification, pre-identification, the first exchange of information on asylum procedures

CARA: who is the an asylum seeker is transferred to government centers where the procedure for examining the asylum request is started. They receive material reception, health care, social assistance and linguistic-cultural mediation.

CAS: If the available places in the government centers run out, the prefectures can provide for the establishment this centers.

SAI: is the second reception system where achieve individual autonomy and real integration. The assistance for the asylum seekers, is based on material, legal, health and linguistic assistance. Who have the protection have also integration and work orientation assistance.

CPR: Foreigners who have arrived irregularly in Italy and who do not apply for international protection or do not meet the requirements are detained in the Repatriation Permanence Centres for identification and repatriation procedures.



Thank you!

www.interregeurope.eu/SIRM